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HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS: HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS, INCLUDING ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES FOR IMPROVING THE EFFECTIVE ENJOYMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS

Letter dated 31 October 1995 from the Permanent Representative of Peru to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you the attached summary of actions violating human rights perpetrated by the Sendero Luminoso and Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist groups during the period from 1 July to 30 September 1995.

I should be grateful if you would have this letter distributed as a document of the General Assembly under agenda item 112 (b).

(Signed) Fernando GUILLÉN
Permanent Representative of Peru
to the United Nations

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ANNEX

Summary of actions violating human rights perpetrated by subversive organizations

A. From 1 to 31 July 1995

1. Selective terrorism

1 July 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: La Molina

An indeterminate number of alleged terrorist criminals set off a car bomb in front of the home of Congressman Víctor Joy Way Rojas, at Avenida El Corregidor 535, La Molina. Two members of the Peruvian National Police (PNP) and three civilian passers-by were wounded and there was substantial material damage.

2. Systematic terrorism

3 July 1995

Department: La Libertad; Province: Sánchez Carrión; District: Huamachuco

In the place known as Recta del Ponce, Los Fraylones, Huamachuco, four alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals (two men and two women) held up a geologist, Javier Aguilar Vega, and three workers from La Tapada mine, shooting Mr. Aguilar Vega dead and allowing the workers to go free. The victim was shot in the face and back.

4 July 1995

Department: La Libertad; Province: Sánchez Carrión; District: Sarín

Four alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, armed with two guns and wearing ponchos and ski masks, entered the village of Chilchil, 4 kilometres from Sarín, and killed Antonio Augusto Araujo Laguna (26), Asunción Araujo Laguna (17) and Augusto Araujo Alvarado (51) (father of the first two), shouting "This is how army informers die". They also put up a red flag blazoned with the hammer and sickle in the main square.

14 July 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Perene

Three alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals held up passenger and goods vehicles near the Santa Ana sector, where they identified and inflicted shotgun wounds on a civilian, Primitivo Quispe Lavado, a member of the Satipo rural patrol.

19 July 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: La Mar; District: Tambo

About 15 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals attacked a Ministry of Transport and Communications site where repair work was taking place on the Tambo-San Francisco road. They killed the guards, Fernando Pare Garay and Crispín Chávez Huamán, set fire to a tractor and stole provisions, after which they escaped in an unknown direction.

21 July 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: Huanta

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals raided the village of Monterrico, Sivia, Pichari, attacking the patrolmen guarding the village. They killed Pedro Ruiz Taype and Julián Quispe Llamoca and wounded Leoncio Fernández Dávila.

25 July 1995

Department: Paso; Province: Oxapampa; District: Puerto Bermúdez

Six alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals broke into the home of Mr. Alberto Huaroc Solano, in the Unión Siria sector, and asked him whether there were members of the security forces in the area. When he answered in the negative, he was shot and wounded with small arms. He was taken to La Merced hospital.

28 July 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Satipo

In the Pamoreni sector, San Martín de Pangoa, alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals attacked members of a rural patrol who were transporting foodstuffs for their community. Patrolman Yuri Yaranga Velásquez was shot and wounded with small arms in the left thigh.

29 July 1995

Department: Cajamarca; Province: Cajabamba; District: Sayapullo

Three alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals carrying firearms entered the home of Sayapullo town councillor Roberto García Mariños. They took him and his wife prisoner, forced him to hand over his revolver and stole some money. They later took the couple to another house nearby, where they tied their hands and murdered the councillor and wounded his wife.

3. Psychological terrorism

4 July 1995

Department: Huancavelica; Province: Huancavelica; District: Huancavelica

On 28 June 1995, alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals sent a threatening letter to teacher Walter Altez Izarra (37), in which they accused him and Máximo Ñahui Palomino of being the most corrupt teachers at the Huancavelica Higher Technological Institute. The subversive group also threatened them with execution.

4. Attacks on security forces

1 July 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Leoncio Prado; District: J. Crespo y Castillo

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, taking cover in vegetation at a place called Angashiyacu, fired on members of the Highway Police who were returning in three vehicles from Aucayacu, where they had been providing support and security to members of the Anti-Drug Department of the Huanuco Subregional police headquarters. Police officer (third class) Angel Rojas Parraga received a gunshot wound in his right arm.

8 July 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Tocache; District: Nuevo Progreso

Some 100 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals armed with long-range weapons entered the village of Nuevo Progreso, attacked the police station, cut off the electricity supply and set fire to several shops - which they looted - and part of the street market. The raid lasted about three hours and resulted in the death of police officer (third class) Oscar García Rodríguez and a civilian, and the wounding of a police officer and two civilians.

8 July 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Tocache; District: Nuevo Progreso

Peruvian National Police (PNP) patrols from Santa Lucía and Tocache, on their way to reinforce the PNP unit in Nuevo Progreso (see previous case), were ambushed by alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals in the vicinity of the cemetery a few minutes from Nuevo Progreso. Three police officers were killed and five wounded.

20 July 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Leoncio Prado; District: J. Crespo y Castillo

A patrol from counter-insurgency battalion 313 of the Peruvian Army was ambushed by alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals while travelling between the villages of Montero and Alto Pacae, a sector where the subversives had mined an area of approximately 200 metres. The patrol fought back. Artillery Lieutenant Jhonny Valderrama Prado and 15 soldiers were killed as a result of the attack and the exploding mines and 6 soldiers were wounded. More than 20 alleged terrorist criminals were killed.

25 July 1995

Department: Huancavelica; Province: Huancavelica; District: Huancavelica

At a place called Lachoj (12.5 km from Huancavelica), alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals ambushed a police vehicle and blew it up with dynamite. They then killed the wounded police officers by shooting them in the head. Nine policemen and one civilian were killed.

29 July 1995

Department: Puno; Province: San Román; District: Juliaca

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals attacked and shot police officer (second class) Abdón Curasi Zavala, who suffered multiple injuries to the skull and wounds to various parts of his body. The terrorist criminals stole the officer's weapons.

5. Sabotage

1 July 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Villa El Salvador

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals set off an explosive device in the home of police officer (first class) Juan Navarro Miranda (based in Dincote, in Block E, Lot 5, Group 23, III Sector, Villa El Salvador, causing material damage to the building.

4 July 1995

Department: Arequipa; Province: Caylloma; District: San Luis

Alleged terrorist criminals detonated a stick of dynamite in the doorway of a grocery store owned by Mr. Martin Cosín Chire, a member of Nueva Mayoria-Cambio 90 and Governor of the district of Huambo, causing damage to the door and windows of the building. On investigation, members of the Peruvian National Police found the remains of an orange-coloured slow fuse.

15 July 1995

Department: Huancavelica; Province: Tayacaja

Alleged terrorist criminals partially cut through the security fence of the minefield surrounding electricity pylons Nos. 117-1/T203/4 in Huando, Huancavelica.

24 July 1995

Department: Huancavelica; Province: Huancavelica

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals cut through the perimeter fence of electricity pylon No. 116 in Huancavelica and put a llama inside in an attempt to activate the minefield. Members of the Peruvian National Police thwarted the attempt.

25 July 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Chaclacayo

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals cut through the perimeter fence and deactivated the minefield of electricity pylon No. 51 on line 2001/2 in the Queirio, Chaclacayo, area.

24 July 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: San Juan de Lurigancho

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals cut through the perimeter fence and, using a sawdust-filled jute sack, activated three mines around electricity pylon No. 119 on line 2001/2 located in Sector A of Campoy, San Juan de Lurigancho.

6. Incursions

7 July 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Bellavista; District: Bellavista

Approximately 60 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, men and women, entered the Río Biabo Valley, looting and killing the population's livestock, and then withdrew at 5 a.m. on 8 July in the direction of Punta Arenas.

9 July 1995

Department: Loreta; Province: Requena; District: Requena

Approximately 100 alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals entered the village of Cumaseba, Requena, forcing the population to

flee towards El Encanto de Siuca. Members of the Peruvian National Police arrived at the scene by river.

10 July 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Tocache; District: Uchiza

Approximately 80 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered the village of El Río Uchiza, where they abducted the wife and children of Guillermo Shuna Cumala and then escaped in the direction of Pacote. These terrorist criminals are under the command of "Comrade Charly"; the group may have been the same one that attacked the police station at Nuevo Progreso.

10 July 1995

Department: Ancash; Province: Mariscal Luzuriaga; District: Piscobamba

Twenty alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered Piscobamba, where they demanded food and money from the local authorities.

14 July 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Perene

Approximately 30 alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru (MRTA) terrorist criminals entered the village of Juan Velasco Alvarado, Villa Perene, in the early hours of the morning, where they assembled the population and made speeches about MRTA. Before withdrawing, they shouted slogans about MRTA and its armed struggle.

18 July 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: La Mar; District: Tambo

Approximately 40 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered the village of Jarapa, Tambo, where they put up a red flag on the house of Mr. León Huamán Huacho, Chairman of the Self-Defence Committee. They later stopped vehicles on the access road to the village, stealing food and clothing, and then withdrew in the direction of the Janaorjo mountain.

23 July 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Leoncio Prado

Approximately 15 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered Pucayacu, Aucayacu, in order to obtain supplies, carry out propaganda activities and put up red flags in the village.

23 July 1995

Department: La Libertad; Province: Otuzco; District: Usquil

Approximately 30 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered the hamlet of Satapampa, where they assembled the population, urging them to support their cause, and declared their intention of attacking police posts. They then withdrew, shouting "Long Live Sendero Luminoso" and "Long Live Comrade Gonzalo".

24 July 1995

Department: Apurímac; Province: Antabamba; District: Huaquirca

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered the district of Huaquirca during the sixth agricultural fair, where they forced those present to cheer for "armed struggle" and "Comrade Gonzalo" and made death threats against "traitors". They then withdrew in an unknown direction.

24 July 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Bellavista; District: Bellavista

Approximately 150 alleged terrorist criminals entered the estate of Roberto Ríos Saldaña in Intiyacu, where they forced the population to prepare food and then withdrew towards the Biavo area, apparently planning to attack the Bellavista police station.

26 July 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Pichanaki

Alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals entered the village of Las Palmas, Pichanaki, where they assembled the population and dragged the former Lieutenant-Governor, Cirilo Cerrón, from his home, forcing him to account for his performance while in office. They also warned the population not to organize into rural patrols. They withdrew at 11 a.m. on 27 July 1995 in the direction of the Samintari area.

29 July 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Pichanaki

Two alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals, armed with an AKM rifle and a breech-loader, entered the Santa Rosa native community in the village of Unión Progreso on the left bank of the Perene river. They forced their way into the home of Hitler Hinostroza Peña and asked him for the names of the authorities. They then withdrew in the direction of Centro Toterani, where they asked for "contributions" and a list of coffee growers.

7. Kidnapping

11 July 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: Cangallo; District: Cangallo

At 1 a.m. on 25 June 1995, an indeterminate number of alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, armed with long-range weapons, entered the village of Cochapata, where they assembled in the house of Victoria Ayala, a supporter of the Communist Party of Peru - Sendero Luminoso. They subsequently withdrew, taking as hostages patrolman Paulino Hinostroza and the unit of the Cochapata Self-Defence Committee.

8. Summary

1.	Selective terrorism	1
2.	Systematic terrorism	8
3.	Psychological terrorism	1
4.	Attacks on security forces	6
5.	Sabotage	6
6.	Incursions	12
7.	Kidnapping	1
	Total	35

B. From 1 to 31 August 1995

1. Systematic terrorism

6 August 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Pinchanaki

Three alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals entered the home of Daniel Pastra Hinojosa (57), in the village of Santa María on the left bank of the Perene river, killing him and kidnapping his young son.

20 August 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Leoncio Prado; District: Padre Luyando

Six alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals shot and wounded reformed Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminal Armando Valentín Villar (30) as he returned from his farm in the Sanja Seca sector of the village of Bolaina; as they made

their getaway, the subversives threatened their victim with the words: "Death to vile traitors". The victim was evacuated to the Tingo María auxiliary hospital.

22 August 1995

Department: Junín, Province: Huancayo; District: Huancayo

Four alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals (three men and a woman) entered the home of Mr. Gilmer Iglesias (former incumbent judge for cases of terrorism), physically and psychologically abusing his wife, demanding money and insisting on seeing her husband. They later forced her to write the message: "Warning, leave the city of Huancayo before the end of the month or you will die ...".

24 August 1995

Department: Ukayali; Province: Padre Abad; District: Padre Abad

Alleged terrorist criminals set off an explosive device near the home of Mr. Róger Barba Valderrama, candidate for Mayor of Padre Abad on the Popular Independent List, in the Pampas Yurac urban development, blasting a 30 cm. by 30 cm. hole; there were no casualties.

2. Psychological terrorism

5 August 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Lima

Alleged terrorist criminals made a telephone call to Canal 4 TV's "Revista Dominical" programme, claiming to have placed a bomb in the bathrooms of the television station. Members of the PNP bomb squad (UDEX) searched the premises but found nothing.

9 August 1995

Department: Amazonas; Province: Bongara

Alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals delivered a letter to the Department of Transport in Pomacochas, Bongara, threatening to kill Carlos Alberto Dueñas Torres (31), head of the Ministry of Transport and Communications highways project on the Ingenio-Pomacochas-Rioja road.

16 August 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Lima

An alleged terrorist criminal made an anonymous telephone call to the premises of the Compañía Telefónica del Peru at Jr. Washington No. 1335,

claiming to have planted a bomb there. Subsequently, members of the PNP bomb squad (UDEX) determined that the warning had been a hoax.

3. Attacks on security forces

1 August 1995

Department: Pasco; Province: Pasco; District: Yanacancha

An alleged terrorist criminal who had escaped from the PNP provincial headquarters in Pasco shot and wounded with a shotgun police officer (first class) Felipe Sánchez Roldán who was on duty at the Petro-Peru plant in Yanacancha, Pasco.

4 August 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Mariscal Cáceres

Approximately 60 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals ambushed a patrol from engineering battalion 112, 32 to 33 kilometres from Nuevo Jaen, while it was engaged in the "Ingeniería-95" operation. Three soldiers and two civilians were killed and four soldiers wounded; two light automatic rifles and one RPG were lost; eight alleged terrorist criminals were killed and approximately 10 wounded; arms and ammunition were recovered.

11 August 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Satipo

An indeterminate number of alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals attacked the "Vietnamito" counter-insurgency base of Pichari Counter-insurgency Battalion 42, firing on it from several sides. Active serviceman Jhonatan Villano Bellido was shot in the head and died instantly. In escaping, the alleged terrorist criminals left behind handwritten Sendero Luminoso pamphlets.

12 August 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Satipo

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals attacked the "Vietnamito" base of Pichari Counter-insurgency Battalion 42, shooting corporal Edgar Quehui Cardenas through the left leg.

13 August 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Satipo

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals attacked the "Vietnamito" base of Pichari Counter-insurgency Battalion 42, seriously wounding Sergeant (second class) Gabriel Artemio Arango.

20 August 1995

Department: Piura; Province: Huancabamba; District: Huarmaca

A Peruvian National Police patrol commanded by a lieutenant-colonel and comprising a junior officer and 23 other officers was ambushed by alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals near the village of Shalin, Las Lomas, Huarmaca. Officer (first class) José Lozada Chapilliquen was killed and officers (first class) Santiago Chicoma Ipanaque and (second class) Hernán Acuña Guarnizo were wounded. The alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals escaped under cover of night.

4. Sabotage

27 August 1995

Department: Ancash; Province: Huaráz; District: Huaráz

Two alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered the premises of the Ya newspaper in Huaráz belonging to former Superintendent Pedro Maguiña Calderón, damaging printing equipment and threatening that he would be forced to publish the Sendero Luminoso pamphlet El Diario.

5. Incursions

1 August 1995

Department: Lambayeque; Province: Lambayeque District: Motupe

The Lieutenant-Governor of the village of Totora, Motupe, reported an incursion by approximately 20 alleged terrorist criminals who engaged in propaganda activities.

6 August 1995

Department: Huancavelica; Province: Huancavelica; District: Huancavelica

Ten alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered the Santa Inés section (canteen and facilities) of the "Tambo Coracocha" project, threatening the engineers and workers involved in the construction work, demanding contributions and vehicles and urging them to leave the area. On 7 August 1995, the engineers unexpectedly travelled to the city of Huancavelica without having reported the incident.

15 August 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Tocache; District: Tocache

Approximately 50 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals entered the village of Las Palmeras, where they ordered the local inhabitants to congregate, engaged in propaganda activities and asked for information about the local authorities.

20 August 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: La Mar

Approximately 30 alleged Sendero Luminoso criminal terrorists entered the village of Sol Naciente, Sivia, where they clashed with members of the rural patrols. The latter, unable to withstand the attack, fled with their families, leaving the alleged terrorist criminals to loot the village. Rural patrol member Juan Dávila Mendoza received a bullet wound in the clash.

6. Kidnapping

17 August 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Dos de Mayo; District: Chavinillo

Approximately 20 alleged terrorist criminals, armed with rifles and cartridge bags and wearing ski masks, military-style clothing, boots and black sweaters, and one of them a bullet-proof vest, intercepted a truck carrying eight passengers at Chavinillo. They tied the passengers' hands, took them to an empty room and stripped them of their belongings, including money, clothing, jewellery and shoes.

18 August 1995

Department: Puno; Province: Lampa; District: Lampa

During the night, at kilometre 11 on the Juliaca-Lampa road, nine hooded alleged terrorist criminals ambushed and kidnapped Jorge Abarca Quispe, director of the Lampa agrarian agency, while he was travelling in a truck belonging to the agency. His whereabouts and that of the vehicle are still unknown.

18 August 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Satipo; District: Satipo

Guillermo Ñaco, general coordinator of the Ashaninkas Defence Committee, reported that approximately 1,000 ashaninkas are being held by Sendero Luminoso, which is active in some parts of the central jungle region. He added that they are being held captive near the Ene and Tambo valleys and are being forced to work for the terrorist criminals.

7. Summary

1.	Systematic terrorism	4
2.	Psychological terrorism	3
3.	Attacks on security forces	6
4.	Sabotage	1
5.	Incursions	4
6.	Kidnapping	3
	Total	21

C. From 1 to 30 September 1995

1. Systematic terrorism

4 September 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Huallaga; District: Saposoa

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals carrying firearms murdered Nelly del Aguila Pinto (34) in her home in the Soledad development of the district of Saposoa; a handwritten note was left beside the victim with the words: "Death to informers, see them die one by one", "Long live the Communist Party of Peru".

9 September 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Moyobamba; District: Jepelacio

On 1 and 4 September 1995, alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals are known to have gone to a villager's farm and told him that he was to keep them informed about civil and military activities in Jepelacio. When he refused, they beat him and threatened to kill him. They told him that they would come back on 10 September for the information and that if he did not have it he would be eliminated for opposing the party's interests.

12 September 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: San Juan de Lurigancho

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals shot and killed Florián Osorio Fernández (a member of APAFA) of Montenegro College, Canto Rey, leaving leaflets with the message: "Death to all the corrupt members and thieves of Cambio 90 - Nueva Mayoría, agents of Yankee imperialism", "Let the strategic balance be rocked throughout the country".

13 September 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo

An alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminal came to the anti-terrorist unit of the Peruvian National Police at La Merced and reported that she had been raped by terrorist criminals; she had become pregnant and had been taken to Lima (to the Maternity Hospital), where she had been abandoned. She was identified as: Hilda Lucía Huachihuaco Aguirre.

10 September 1995

Department: Piura; Province: Huancabamba; District: Huarmaca

In the morning, an unspecified number of alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, armed with long-range firearms (AKMs), shot and wounded Basilio Parra Cueva; the attack occurred in the Trapiche sector of Tocto village, Huarmaca.

2. Selective terrorism

12 September 1995

Department: San Martín; Province: Huallaga; District: Sacanche

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals using a breech-loader shot dead the Lieutenant-Governor of José Olaya village (formerly Churillo), Sacanche Monte; the dead man had a bullet wound in his head and had his hands tied behind his back. Subversive propaganda with the words: "Death to informers, long live Sendero Luminoso" had been left with the body.

24 September 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Huanuco

Approximately 15 alleged terrorist criminals stabbed to death Bernardo Rojas Cruz, justice of the peace of Colpanga Chaulán, Huanuco, and community member Eleuterio Rojas Crispín. When a joint Peruvian Army-Peruvian National Police patrol was on its way to the scene, it intercepted a vehicle carrying a wounded person who was later accused of being one of the perpetrators of the double murder.

3. Psychological terrorism

10 September 1995

Department: Tacna; Province: Tacna; District: Tacna

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals painted graffiti on the car of Mr. Alberto Ramos Laura, provincial prosecutor in the First Provincial

Prosecutor's Office in Tacna, which read: "Stop going after terrorists or you'll die", "Don't get in your car, there's a bomb" and "Informers die."

14 September 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Chorrillos

An alleged terrorist criminal telephoned the prevention unit of the Chorrillos Military College with the message: "Tell Lieutenant Mariscal that his wife and son are going to die". At 11 a.m. on 15 September 1995, another similar call was received with the message: "Now Lieutenant Mariscal's wife and son are going to be finished off once and for all". This officer had worked in Tarapoto in 1994.

15 September 1995

Department: La Libertad; Province: Chepén; District: Chepén

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals made an anonymous telephone call to staff working at electricity sub-station II, Guadalupe, Chepén, threatening to attack it.

25 September 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Callao; District: Callao

An alleged terrorist criminal telephoned the operator of the control tower at Jorge Chávez International Airport, saying that there was a bomb inside Aeroperu 'plane OB-1573 bound for Guayaquil and Panama. Checks by the Peruvian National Police (UDEX) revealed that it was a hoax.

25 September 1995

Department: Lima; Province: Lima; District: Lima

An alleged terrorist criminal made an anonymous telephone call to the Santa Beatriz Jewish synagogue in Calle Enrique Villar, Santa Beatriz, Lima, saying that an explosive device had been placed inside the synagogue. Checks by Peruvian National Police (UDEX) personnel revealed that it was a hoax.

4. Attacks on security forces

1 September 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Satipo; District: Satipo

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals opened fire on the Peruvian Army's "Vietnamito" counter-insurgency base located on the Tincabeni river, on the left bank of the Ene river, Satipo, wounding Peruvian Army soldier Wilson Yaranga Bautista, who received gunshot pellets in the buttocks.

5 September 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Pichanaki

An unspecified number of alleged Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru terrorist criminals ambushed a Peruvian Army patrol from the "La Florida" base of Counter-insurgency Battalion 79 (BCS 79), in a sector 30 minutes from the village of Puerto Yurinaki. Soldier Jacinto Olimpia Ismael was killed and a technician and four military personnel were wounded and evacuated by helicopter to La Merced for the necessary medical care.

5. Incursions

13 September 1995

Department: Ayacucho; Province: Lucanas; District: Lucanas

On 13 August 1995, approximately 25 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals (men, women, young people and children) carrying short- and long-range firearms, entered the village of Lloquecancha, Ocaña. They gathered the population together, engaged in political propaganda and urged them to continue the armed struggle. They also tried to execute Oscar Sarmiento Amao, but gave up when people protested.

20 September 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Satipo; District: Satipo

Approximately 10 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, armed with light automatic rifles, entered the community of Puerto Ocopa, Satipo, setting off an explosive device, and remained there for an hour. They then withdrew, firing shots into the air.

22 September 1995

Department: Ucayali; Province: Padre Abad; District: Padre Abad

Approximately 20 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals, carrying long-range firearms and wearing hoods, entered the village of Chanantia Alta, Aguaytia, and asked two villagers to help carry a battery and a bag of provisions. The unit is allegedly commanded by "Comrade Julio" and it is possible that the battery may be used for communications equipment and/or for electrically operated mines and explosives.

28 September 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Leoncio Prado

Between 15 and 20 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals from Puerto Rico village, Yanajanca, raided San Jacinto village, Tingo María, where they

killed three people, identified as Serafín Aguero Alvarado (39), Juan Saboya Sánchez (22) and Moíses Saboya Sánchez (26).

6. Kidnapping

4 September 1995

Department: Huanuco; Province: Leoncio Prado; District: Hermilio Valdizán

About 40 alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals armed with light automatic rifles and AKM rifles, Instalaza equipment and hand grenades raided the village of El Milagro, Hermilio Valdizán, captured eight people and withdrew in the direction of the village of Shitarillo.

17 September 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Chanchamayo; District: Pichanaki

While returning from the village of Pampa Camona after attending the inauguration of the medical post there, Ana María Méndez Vílchez, Governor of Pichanaki, and Pedro Ramírez of Fondeagro, San Ramón, were held up by 16 alleged terrorist criminals, including two women in a van, armed with light automatic rifles and pistols and wearing Peruvian National Police uniforms. The whereabouts of both victims is unknown.

28 September 1995

Department: Junín; Province: Satipo; District: Pangoa

Alleged Sendero Luminoso terrorist criminals kidnapped a patrolman from the Valle Esmeralda Self-Defence Committee (CAD) in the Selva Virgen sector, Pangoa, later making for the Quempiri sector. Joint army and rural patrols are combing the area in the hope of recovering the kidnapped patrolman.

7. Summary

1.	Systematic terrorism	5
2.	Psychological terrorism	5
3.	Attacks on security forces	2
4.	Sabotage	-
5.	Incursions	4
6.	Kidnappings	3
	Total	19